



Sixth Grade Earth Science Curriculum Pacing Guide

Crosscutting Concepts: Cause and Effect; Systems and System Models; Matter and Energy
Solar System and Beyond

8 week Instructional Segment

Anchoring Phenomenon	Standard	Instructional Segment	Disciplinary Core Ideas	Science and Engineering Practices	Instructional Notes
Celestial Objects from Different Perspectives (slide presentation)	S6E1a-e	<u>Solar System and Beyond</u>	<p>Frameworks of K-12 Science Education: <i>By the end of grade 6</i></p> <p>ESSA1.A: The Universe and Its Stars</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patterns of the apparent motion of the sun, the moon, and the stars in the sky can be observed, described, predicted, and explained. The universe began with a period of extreme and rapid expansion known as the Big Bang. Earth and its solar system are part of the Milky Way galaxy, which is one of the many galaxies in the universe. <p>ESSA1.B: Earth and the Solar System</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The solar system consists of the sun and a collection of objects, including planets, their moons, and asteroids. The solar system is held in orbit around the sun by its gravitational pull. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Asking questions and defining problems Developing and using models Analyzing and interpreting data 	<p>By the end of this unit, students are using the following language in their speaking and writing during EXPLAIN or ELABORATE.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Scientific theory Big Bang Theory Universe Milky Way galaxy Solar System Scientific models Gravity Inertia Solar System Planets Characteristics Relative position Relative distance

This instructional segment will connect to Cause and Effect: The Solar System.